

CAFÉ Reading Instructional Model

HITS links to e⁵



ELABORATE

4 Worked examples 5 Collaborative learning 6 Multiple exposures 7 Questioning 8 Feedback

9 Metacognition

Stol ORE EXPLAIN

1 Setting goals

7 Questioning

9 Metacognition

2 Structuring lessons

4 Worked examples

5 Collaborative learning

1 Setting goals

7 Questioning

9 Metacognition 10 Differentiation

8 Feedback

4 Worked examples

6 Multiple exposures

5 Collaborative learning

- 1 Setting goals 3 Explicit teaching 4 Worked examples 5 Collaborative learning 6 Multiple exposures 7 Questioning
- 10 Differentiation
- *The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^{5} instructional model.

Engage *Set learning behaviours *Read to Self/ Buddy Reading *Reading conferences - student unpacks current reading goal, i.e. what and ho *Introduce mentor text *Make connections with prior knowledge	Ø w
Explore *Conduct Reading Groups *Work with teacher focus group *Opportunities for student led conversations *Differentiated tasks - enabling and extending prompts used *Develop vocabulary required *Small group / independent task to practise the skill taught	
Explain *Read aloud / shared reading of mentor text *Create anchor charts (where applicable) *Explicit instruction *Teach academic skills - routines, how to ask questions and how to engage in conversations *Unpack and model the CAFÉ strategy being introduced / revised *Opportunities for Turn and Talk activities *Learning Target & Success Criteria unpacked *Referral to anchor charts or prior learning *Gradual release (I do, we do, you do) *Unpack new vocabulary	academic
Elaborate	0

*Feedback

*Individuals within teacher focus groups work on current strategy *Literature Circle / Reading Response work *Encourage students to share and challenge learning

*Justify and prove thinking

Evaluate

*Reflection on Learning Target and Success Criteria and show evidence of achievement

*Reflect on effort and behaviour (self, peer and teacher)

*Conferencing—reflect on how the student went and set new goal if needed *Review personal learning goals

*Exit ticket, Checklist, Check-in, formative/summative assessment

*Create anchor charts to review new focus

*Teacher feedback (were students engaged)





Little Learners Love Literacy Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^{5} instructional model. Engage *Chitter Chatter Chants *Speed Sounds / Words *Secret Sound Box *Use of mentor text *Sound detectives - locating previously taught sounds within the room.

Explore

*Small group reading of decodable books *Reading words with the focus sound *Let's Spell / Let's Write *Activity Sheet from LLLL *Word Sort *Read and Grab *Sound Swap Word Game *Milo's Making Words Flipbook *Milo's Read and Match *Bingo Games *Dictation *Read, Write and Draw

Explain

*Learning Target & Success Criteria unpacked *Phonemic Awareness activities *New Sound introduction and explicit instruction (phoneme / grapheme) *Explicit teaching—see it, say it, write it *New Speed Sound Chants

Elaborate

*Small group reading of decodable or levelled books to practise skills taught *Students complete task based on explicit instruction *Buddy reading *Super spelling *Guided reading / conferencing *Extension tasks

Evaluate

*Reflection on Learning Target and Success Criteria and show evidence of achievement *Reflect on effort and behaviour (self, peer and teacher)

*Create anchor charts

*Teacher feedback

*Quiz, Exit ticket, Checklist, Check-in, formative/summative assessment





Mathematics Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^{5} instructional model.

Engage

*Set learning behaviours



*Hook, i.e. text, images, media, problem, story, game, concept cartoons etc.

*Get knowledge ready about problem (elicit discussion of prior knowledge of the self/world) *Tell students who they imagine they will be today from the real world, e.g. engineer, designer, architect etc.

*Remind students to think about what Mathematician Strategies might be needed today

Explore

*Cooperative Investigation/hands-on exploration *Identify student misconceptions during roving and talking with students *Begin thinking of Mathematician Strategy to use *Explore equipment *Develop vocabulary required *Fish Bowl students discoveries and thinking - brainstorm questions to lead into the 'Explain Phase'

Explain

*Vocabulary organising *Explanatory videos *Explicit instruction *Clarify misconceptions *Learning Target & Success Criteria unpacked *Referral to Mathematician Strategies, anchor charts or prior learning *Gradual release (I do, we do, you do) *Worked examples (use grid book) *Scaffold the learning (use of concrete, pictorial and abstract examples)

Elaborate

*Tasks (problem solving, group investigations, real world tasks, rich tasks, independent practise, stations, critical/creative tasks) *Feedback *Try or apply another strategy *Support the formation of theories, laws, find patterns *Encourage to share and challenge learning *Justify thinking, prove thinking, analyse someone else's ideas, check answers

*Clinic/focus group/fish bowl (to provide enabling or extending prompts)

Evaluate

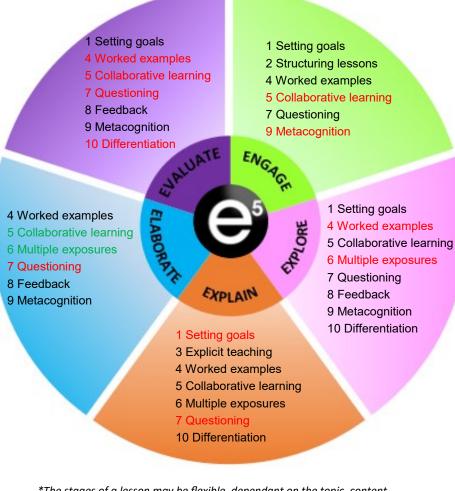
*Reflection on Mathematician Strategies (most efficient to least efficient) *Quiz, Exit ticket, Performance task, Checklist, formative/summative assessment *Reflection on Learning Target and Success Criteria and show evidence of achievement *Reflect on effort and behaviour (self, peer and teacher) *Create anchor charts or do a journal task *Teacher feedback (were students engaged)





Writing Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^5 instructional model.

Engage *Set writing behaviours

*Introduce mentor text or writing prompt *Provide experiences to stimulate writing ideas *Make connections with prior knowledge

*Lesson Hook / Address misconceptions from prior lesson

*Warm-ups such as handwriting or letter formation / Heart Word review / writing conventions focus

Explor

*Opportunities for student led conversations *Develop vocabulary required

*Student centred (allows for student voice and agency) - student input / choice

*Differentiated tasks - enabling and extending prompts used

*Tasks (real world tasks or based on experiences, allows for practise of skill taught, linked to integrated topic, clear purpose and audience outlined)

*Small teacher focus group / independent task to practise the skill taught

*Independent conferencing—focus on skill identified as an area of improvement for the student/s - (this may include goals being set)

*Provide regular opportunities to work through the writing process *Shared, interactive, guided or independent writing undertaken *Students write part of a text or whole piece

Explain

*Use of mentor text to show how quality authors write and what illustrators draw *Create anchor charts (where applicable) *Explicit instruction of Writing skills / genre / new vocabulary / editing or revising skills *Unpack and model the Writing strategy being introduced / revised *Precise worked examples *Opportunities for Turn and Talk *Learning Intention & Success Criteria unpacked *Referral to anchor charts or prior learning * Modelled writing

Elaborate

*Tasks (independent / small group practise) – may extend or enable
*Feedback to and from students
*Individuals within teacher focus groups work on current strategy - goals may be set
*Encourage students to share and challenge learning
*Justify and prove thinking
*Editing and revising—with teacher, partner or independent
*Writing practices such as shared, modelled, interactive, guided or independent writing are undertaken.
*Explicit teaching or reteaching of a skill for a small group
*Misconceptions addressed

Evaluate

*Reflection on Learning Intention and Success Criteria and show evidence of achievement *Reflect on effort and behaviour (self, peer and teacher) *Conferencing—reflect on how the student went and set new goal if needed *Review or reflect on personal learning goals *Exit ticket, Checklist, Check-in, formative/summative assessment *Create / refer to anchor charts to review new focus *Teacher feedback (were students engaged)

*Work may be shared







Digital Technologies Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^{5} instructional model.

Engage

*Set the purpose of the lesson and relate the learning to real-life application. *Use a video/clip/image to engage students in the lesson. *Turn and talk activity to promote thinking between students.



Explore

*Students work independently to practise taught skill. *Students can work with peers / ask each other questions. *Check for common misunderstandings. *Question students.

Explain

*Explicit teaching of the skill / strategy / concept. *Teacher to model what to do and how to do it (Worked Example). *Make reference to the Success Criteria of the lesson.



Elaborate

*Fishbowl using a student work sample or re-show students expectations with a worked example.

*Provide small group support.

*Provide enabling and extending prompts.

*Students to buddy-share their work and seek feedback from classmates

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Evaluate

*Discuss next point of learning. *Use of media clip to bring knowledge together. *Highlight where to next. *Discussion of learners' behaviour—focus on metacognition. *Use of exit tickets, checklists etc





Physical Education Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^{5} instructional model.

Engage

*Plan to students interests (not sure this is part of the instructional model) - happens prior to the lesson

*Games



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Explore

*Activities are set for the students to explore. *On the spot feedback provided to students *Provide students multiple ways to solve challenges.

Explain

*Introduce Learning Intention and Success Criteria.
*Teacher models skill / concept being taught.
*Students are selected to model the skill / concept being taught to the rest of the class.
*Video clips used where appropriate.
*Goal setting for the lesson.

Elaborate

*Encourage students to problem solve *Provide individual feedback to students.

Evaluate

*Check boxes (please elaborate what this means) *Students reflect on goals set. *Future lesson goal setting. *Celebrate student learning.





(LOTE) Italian Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^5 instructional model.

Engage

*Games, songs and relevant video clips *Questioning to activate prior knowledge



Explore

*Provide opportunities for students to demonstrate and share their understanding of concepts taught.
*Work with focus groups.
*Roam and provide support to students.

Explain

*Identify Learning Intention and Success Criteria *Introduce new vocabulary or the theme for the lesson. *Make connections to real-world experiences.



Elaborate

*Students are provided opportunities to reflect on their work and to identify if they've met the success criteria. *Students ask questions.

Evaluate

*Gallery walks / sharing work *Reflective conversation with students on the mat *Pair and share *Celebrate learning success. *Hook for next lesson.





The Arts Instructional Model

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*The stages of a lesson may be flexible, dependant on the topic, content and delivery however every lesson is to include all 5 components of the e^5 instructional model.

Engage

*Introduce an 'inspiration artist' *Observe videos and images of artworks *Share teacher worked examples *Introduce the style, medium or material for the lesson.

Explore

*Roam the room while students attempt to apply skills taught to the task. *Pause class regularly to clarify misconceptions. *Share strong examples of student work with the rest of the class.

Explain

*Model and explain the processes and techniques for the lesson. *Break lesson down into small steps.



Elaborate

*Provide explicit, specific individual feedback to students to support and extend their learning.

*Conduct focus groups.

*Encourage students to problem solve and to think creatively.

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Evaluate

*Gallery walks / sharing work *Reflective conversation with students on the mat *Pair and share *Celebrate learning success. *Hook for next lesson.

